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**UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA  
ASSESSMENT 2**

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<b>COURSE</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS</b>
<b>COURSE CODE</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>QMT181/STA104</b>
<b>DATE</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>1<sup>ST</sup> JULY 2022</b>
<b>TIME</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>9.00 – 11.00 AM (120 MINUTES)</b>

**Please read these instructions:**

- 1) This assessment paper consists of **THREE (3)** questions.
- 2) Answer **ALL** questions.
- 3) The assessment must be taken completely **alone**. Showing it or discussion with anyone is forbidden.
- 4) Please write your answer on your own papers using **pen**.
- 5) Student must ensure that their test papers are **readable**. Ensure that your answers are **written clearly** with your name, group and student ID are provided.
- 6) Student must prepare their answer in **pdf format** and submit via **Google Classroom** or any other platform used by the lecturer. (**FULLNAME\_GROUP.pdf**)
- 7) Keep close track of your allocated time. Due to internet connectivity, students are given no more than 20 minutes (11.00 - 11.20am) to submit their works electronically.
- 8) **Late submission (after 11.20 am) will not be accepted.**

**ALL THE BEST**

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**DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO**

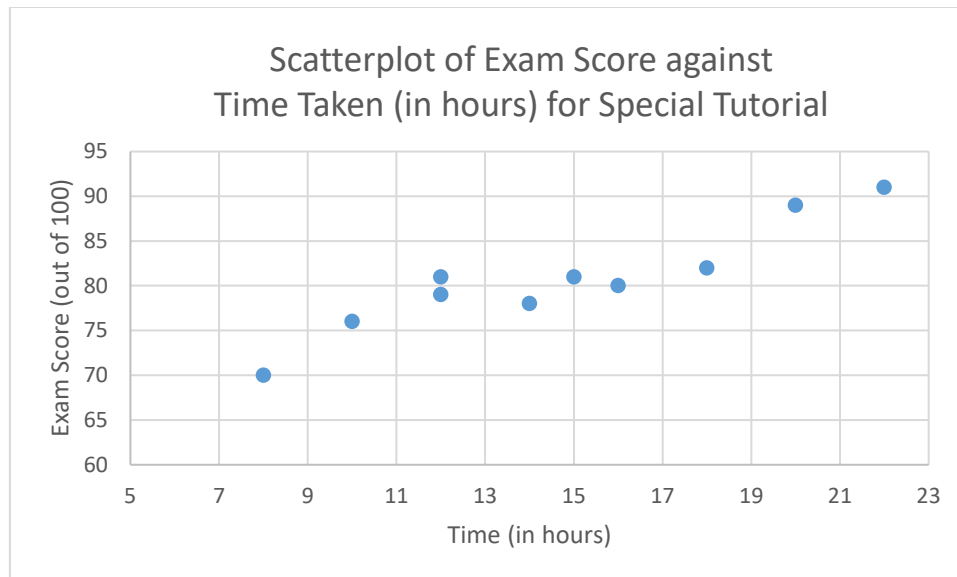
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*This test paper consists of 5 pages*

**QUESTION 1**

The following data shows the time taken for special tutorial in hours and exam score (out of 100) for a random sample of 10 students.

Time	10	15	12	20	8	16	14	18	12	22
Score	76	81	79	89	70	80	78	82	81	91



- Based on scatter diagram above, briefly describe on the relationship between the two variables. (2 marks)
- Compute the Pearson Product Moment Correlation Coefficient on the given data. Explain the value obtained. (5 marks)
- Find the least squares regression equation line for the given data. (4 marks)
- State the intercept value. Interpret the meaning of the value obtained. (2 marks)
- What does the slope tell you about the time taken tutorial hours and exam score? (2 marks)
- Calculate the value of the coefficient of determination. Interpret the meaning. (2 marks)
- Predict a person exam score if he has attended special tutorial for 15 hours and 45 minutes. (3 marks)

**QUESTION 2**

AMIN Sdn Bhd produces chili sauce which require four main raw materials. The information about the price (RM/Kg) and the quantity ('000 Kg) required are shown below for the year 2019 and 2020.

Material	Price (RM/Kg)		Quantity ('000 Kg)	
	2019	2020	2019	2020
Dry chili	12.00	12.70	40	50
Garlic	8.00	9.20	35	42
Corn starch floor	5.00	5.20	7	9
Sugar	4.50	4.70	12	15

Using 2019 as the base year,

- Using an appropriate calculation, determine which material has the lowest increment in price for the 2020. (5 marks)
- Calculate the average of relative price index for the 2020. (2 marks)
- Calculate the Laspeyres quantity index for the year 2020. (3 marks)

**QUESTION 3**

The following table shows the amount spent (RM) on stationaries by a company over the past three years (2017 – 2019).

Year	Quarter			
	1	2	3	4
2017	400	555	660	690
2018	414	570	670	710
2019	520	580	700	720

- Using the moving average method, find the trend values for the above data. (5 marks)
- The seasonal indices for the above data are given as follows:

Quarter			
1	2	3	4
76.92	94.35	112.29	116.43

Explain the value of the seasonal index obtained for the second and third quarter. (2 marks)

- c) Forecast the amount spent on stationaries for the third quarter of the year 2020.  
(3 marks)

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

## FORMULA LIST

## Correlation and Regression

## 1. Pearson's Product Moment Correlation Coefficient

$$r = \frac{n\sum XY - (\sum X)(\sum Y)}{\sqrt{[n\sum X^2 - (\sum X)^2][n\sum Y^2 - (\sum Y)^2]}} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\sum XY - \frac{(\sum X)(\sum Y)}{n}}{\sqrt{\left[\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}\right]\left[\sum Y^2 - \frac{(\sum Y)^2}{n}\right]}}$$

2. The least-squares regression line of Y against X,  $Y = a + Bx$ 

i.

$$b = \frac{n\sum XY - (\sum X)(\sum Y)}{n\sum X^2 - (\sum X)^2} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\sum XY - \frac{(\sum X)(\sum Y)}{n}}{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}$$

ii.

$$a = \bar{Y} - b\bar{X} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\sum Y}{n} - b \frac{\sum X}{n}$$

## Index Numbers

$$1. \text{ Laspeyres' price index} = \frac{\sum(p_t q_o)}{\sum(p_o q_o)} \times 100$$

$$2. \text{ Paasche's price index} = \frac{\sum(p_t q_t)}{\sum(p_o q_t)} \times 100$$

$$3. \text{ Simple aggregate price index} = \frac{\sum p_t}{\sum p_o} \times 100$$

$$4. \text{ Weighted aggregate price index} = \frac{\sum p_t w}{\sum p_o w} \times 100$$

Where

$p_o$  : price of the base year  
 $p_t$  : price of the current year

$q_o$  : quantity of the base year  
 $q_t$  : quantity of the current year  
 $w$  : weights